

Statistical bulletin

# Employment in the UK: March 2024

Estimates of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity for the UK.

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# 1 . Other pages in this release

- [Labour market overview](#)
- [Average weekly earnings in Great Britain](#)
- [Vacancies and jobs in the UK](#)
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## 2 . Main points

- Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates have been weighted to latest population estimates for periods from July to September 2022; headline UK seasonally adjusted series prior to this have been modelled, but other series have a discontinuity at this point.
- Increased volatility of LFS estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution, and we recommend using them as part of our suite of labour market indicators alongside workforce jobs, Claimant Count data, and Pay As You Earn Real Time Information (PAYE RTI) estimates.
- The UK employment rate for November 2023 to January 2024 (75.0%) remains below estimates a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023), and decreased in the latest quarter.
- The UK unemployment rate for November 2023 to January 2024 (3.9%) is above estimates a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023), and largely unchanged on the latest quarter.
- The UK economic inactivity rate for November 2023 to January 2024 (21.8%) is above estimates a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023), and increased in the latest quarter.

The ongoing challenges with response rates and levels mean that LFS-based labour market statistics will be badged as [official statistics in development](#) until further review. Read more in [Section 11: Measuring the data](#).

We are not publishing regional LFS figures as part of the March 2024 release because of an issue in the weighting of the Labour Force Survey for Northern Ireland for the November 2023 to January 2024 quarter only. The impact on UK figures will be small (around 0.1 percentage points on headline rates), so publication of UK data is not affected. We aim to publish to full regional data in our April 2024 release. The issue is unrelated to our recent work improving survey response rates.

### 3 . Coronavirus (COVID-19) and measuring the labour market

Latest Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates are based on interviews that took place from November 2023 to January 2024.

Because of coronavirus (COVID-19) and the suspension of face-to-face interviewing, we had to make operational changes to the LFS, which moved to a by-telephone approach. This introduced an increased non-response bias to the survey, which was partially mitigated by the introduction of housing tenure-based weights into the survey in October 2020, as detailed in our [Coronavirus and its impact on the Labour Force Survey article](#).

However, it was acknowledged that further improvement work was required to deal with the increase in non-response from those with a non-UK country of birth or nationality. As a result, an adjusted [Labour Force weighting methodology](#) was introduced in July 2021. Further information is available in our [Impact of reweighting on Labour Force Survey key indicators, UK: 2022 article](#).

From our February 2024 labour market release, LFS periods from July to September 2022 onwards have been reweighted to incorporate the latest estimates of the size and composition of the UK population. This reweighting creates a discontinuity between June to August 2022 and July to September 2022. Users should take this discontinuity into consideration when considering long-term movements in the series.

However, the Office for National Statistics (ONS) has modelled the seasonally adjusted UK levels of employment, unemployment and economic inactivity by sex and age band back to the start of the population revisions in June to August 2011. This has been done by scaling to the latest population estimates, while taking account of the relative revisions to population by sex and age band in each year over the revision period. This ensures that the headline series in Table 1, Table 2 (1) and Table 2 (2) (also available in A02SA, A05SA and A01 Tables 1 and 2) are comparable over the full series.

This reweighting does not address the volatility seen in recent periods and this may be seen to some extent going forward. Therefore, we advise increased caution when interpreting short-term changes in series and recommend using them as part of a suite of labour market indicators, alongside Workforce Jobs, Claimant Count data and Pay As You Earn Real Time Information (PAYE RTI) estimates.

LFS estimates are currently not considered National Statistics and are currently designated as [official statistics in development](#).

For further information, please see our [Impact of reweighting on Labour Force Survey key indicators article](#).

## 4 . Summary

Table 1: November 2023 to January 2024 headline measures and changes  
UK headline economic status levels and rates, total weekly hours, and redundancy levels and rates, seasonally adjusted, November 2023 to January 2024

	<b>Level /Rate</b>	<b>Confidence Interval of level /rate</b>	<b>Change on previous three-month period</b>	<b>Change on year</b>	<b>Change since December 2019 to February 2020</b>
<b>Employment (000s, aged 16+)</b>	33,175	± 278	-21	+76	+85
<b>Employment rate (aged 16 to 64)</b>	75.0%	± 0.6	-0.1pp	-0.2pp	-1.2pp
<b>Unemployment (000s, aged 16+)</b>	1,359	± 111	-8	+44	-42
<b>Unemployment rate (aged 16+)</b>	3.9%	± 0.3	0.0pp	+0.1pp	-0.1pp
<b>Economically inactive (000s, aged 16 to 64)</b>	9,250	± 251	+44	+100	+700
<b>Economic inactivity rate (aged 16 to 64)</b>	21.8%	± 0.6	+0.1pp	+0.1pp	+1.3pp
<b>Total weekly hours (millions)</b>	1,057.5	Not available	+14.7	+6.2	Not available due to discontinuity
<b>Redundancies (000s, aged 16 years and over)</b>	133	± 33	+71	+40	Not available due to discontinuity
<b>Redundancy rate (per thousand, aged 16+)</b>	4.6	Not available	+2.5	+1.4	Not available due to discontinuity

Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

## 5 . Employment

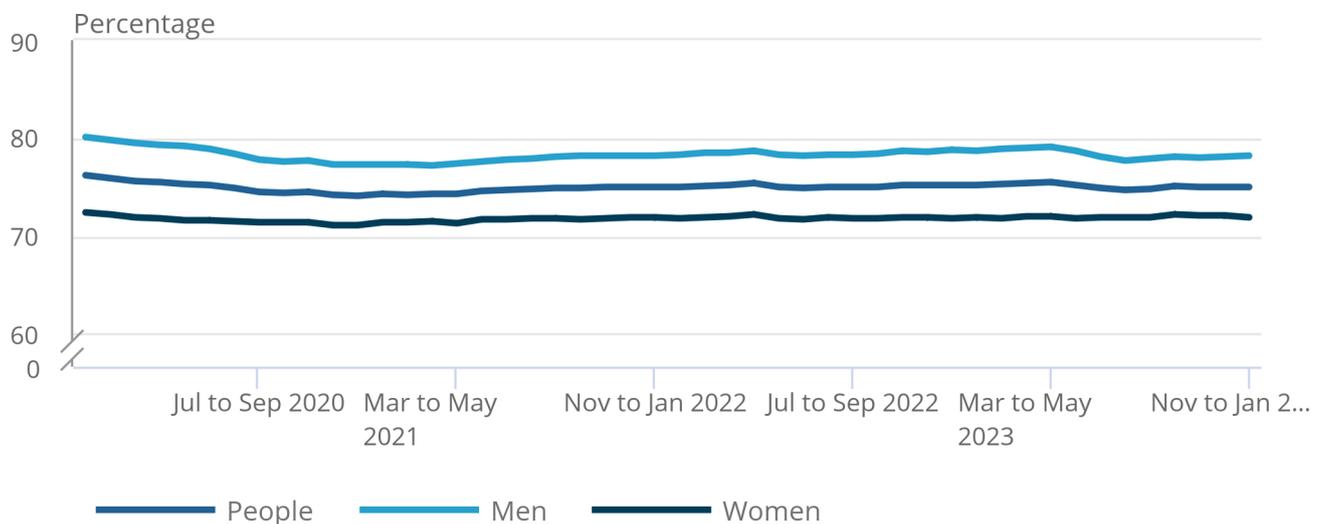
Following an increase in the [employment](#) rate since early 2012, the rate decreased from the start of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. There has largely been an increase since the end of 2020. In the latest quarter, the employment rate decreased and remains below pre-pandemic levels.

### Figure 1: The employment rate remains below estimates from a year ago, and decreased in the latest quarter [note 1]

UK employment rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December 2019 to February 2020 and November 2023 to January 2024

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UK employment rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December 2019 to February 2020 and November 2023 to January 2024



Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

#### Notes:

1. Increased volatility of LFS estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution.

Part-time workers drove the quarterly and annual decreases in the employment rate, while full-time workers increased on the quarter and on the year.

The number of people in employment with second jobs also continued to fall in the latest quarter to 3.5% of all in employment.

We also publish estimates of payrolled employees in our [Earnings and employment from Pay As You Earn Real Time Information, UK bulletin](#) and estimates of the number of jobs in our [Vacancies and Jobs in the UK bulletin](#).

## Hours worked

The number of [total actual weekly hours worked](#) has been generally increasing in the UK since the relaxation of coronavirus lockdown measures but had been slightly decreasing since April to June 2022. In the latest period (November 2023 to January 2024), total actual weekly hours worked increased on the quarter to 1.06 billion hours and are above the level a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023). Both men and women's hours worked increased on the quarter.

Average actual weekly hours worked also increased in the latest quarter and are above the level a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023).

## 6 . Unemployment

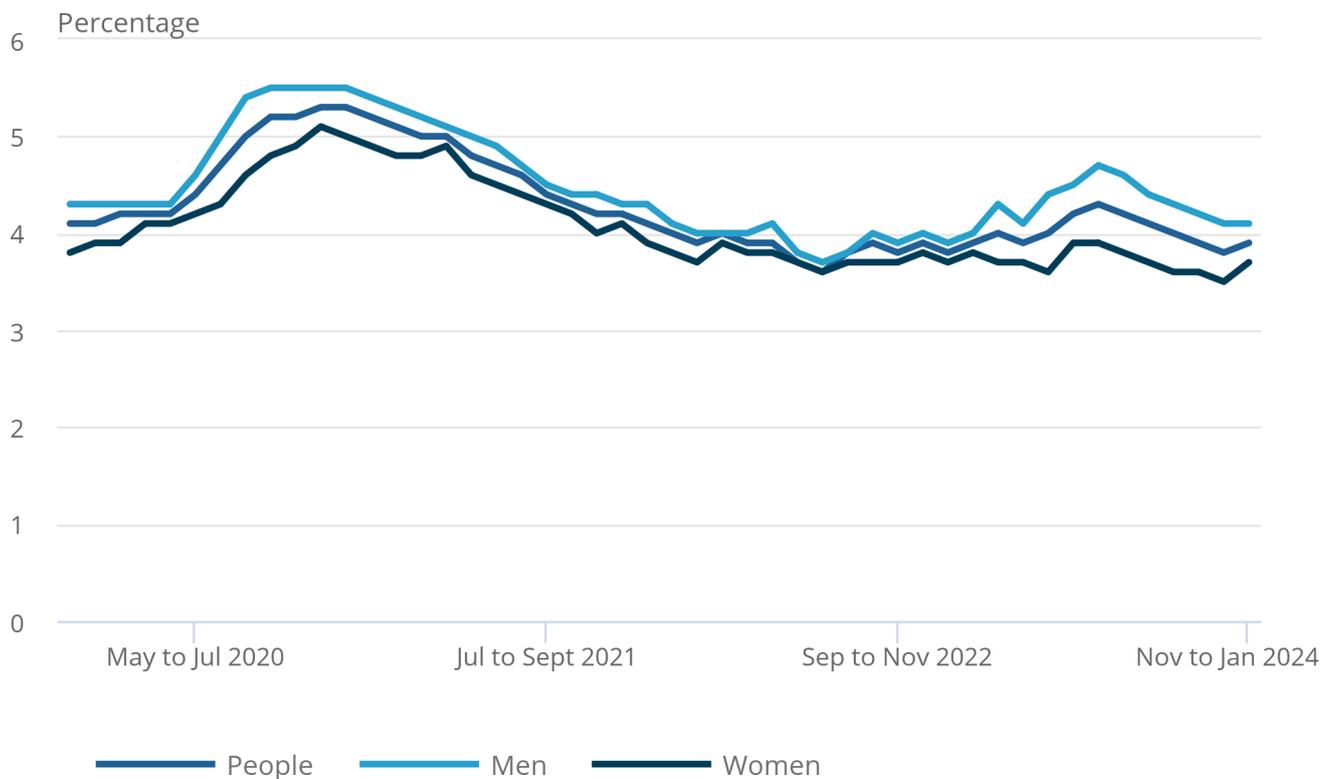
The [unemployment](#) rate had generally been falling from late 2013 until the start of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. Thereafter it increased until the end of 2020 but had returned to pre-pandemic rates. The unemployment rate was largely unchanged in the latest quarter.

**Figure 2: Unemployment rate was largely unchanged on the quarter [note 1], but increased on the year**

UK unemployment rates, people, men and women, seasonally adjusted, between December to February 2020 and November 2023 to January 2024

### Figure 2: Unemployment rate was largely unchanged on the quarter [note 1], but increased on the year

UK unemployment rates, people, men and women, seasonally adjusted, between December to February 2020 and November 2023 to January 2024



Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Increased volatility of LFS estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution.

In November 2023 to January 2024, those unemployed for up to 12 months decreased in the latest quarter but remain above levels a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023). Meanwhile, those unemployed for over 12 months increased in the latest quarter, following falls over the past year. We also publish the [Claimant Count](#), a measure of the number of people who are receiving a benefit principally for the reason of being unemployed.



## 7 . Economic inactivity

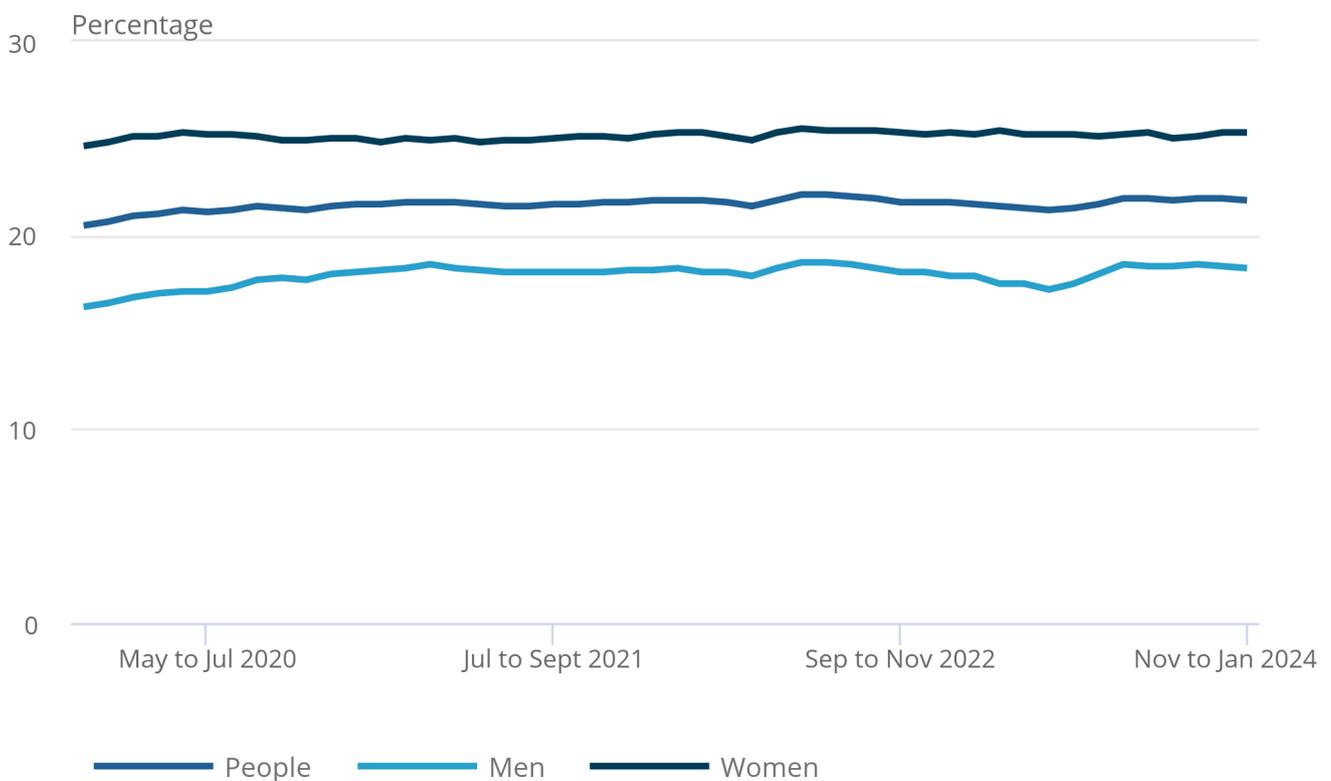
Since comparable records began in 1971, the [economic inactivity](#) rate had generally been falling; however it increased during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and fluctuated around this increased rate. In the latest quarter, the economic inactivity rate has increased slightly.

**Figure 3: Economic inactivity rate increased slightly in the latest quarter [note 1], and on the year**

UK economic inactivity rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December to February 2020 and November 2023 to January 2024

### Figure 3: Economic inactivity rate increased slightly in the latest quarter [note 1], and on the year

UK economic inactivity rates, people, men, and women, seasonally adjusted, between December to February 2020 and November 2023 to January 2024



Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

**Notes:**

1. Increased volatility of LFS estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution.

Increases in economic inactivity in the first year of the pandemic were largely driven by those aged 16 to 24 years. Following the pandemic, increases were driven by those aged 50 to 64 years (Figure 4). Economic inactivity increased in the latest quarter, with an increase in those aged 16 to 34 years offset by decreases in those aged 35 to 64 years. Similarly, compared with a year ago (November to January 2023), the increase in economic inactivity was driven by those aged 16 to 34 years, while those aged 35 to 64 years decreased.

**Figure 4: Increases in inactivity for those aged 16 to 34 years, while rates for those aged 35 to 64 years decreased**

UK economic inactivity rates by age, people aged 16 to 64 years, seasonally adjusted, cumulative change from December 2019 to February 2020, for each period up to November 2023 to January 2024

Figure 4: Increases in inactivity for those aged 16 to 34 years, while rates for those aged 35 to 64 years decreased

UK economic inactivity rates by age, people aged 16 to 64 years, seasonally adjusted, cumulative change from December 2019 to February 2020, for each period up to November 2023 to January 2024



Source: Labour Force Survey from the Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Increased volatility of LFS estimates, resulting from smaller achieved sample sizes, means that estimates of quarterly change should be treated with additional caution.

The increase seen in economic inactivity in the latest quarter and on the year was mainly driven by those inactive because they were students and those inactive because they were retired. The quarterly increase was partially offset by falls in those looking after the family or home and those inactive for other reasons. The number of those inactive because they were long-term sick fell on the quarter, but remains higher than estimates a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023).

## 8 . Redundancies

In November 2023 to January 2024, the number of people reporting redundancy in the three months prior to interview increased by 2.5 per thousand employees compared with the previous quarter, to 4.6 per thousand employees. This is also an increase compared with a year ago (November 2022 to January 2023).

We also publish our [HR1: Potential redundancies dataset](#) showing potential redundancies, covering those notified by employers to the Insolvency Service through the form, broken down by region and industry.

## 9 . Employment in the UK data

### [Employment, unemployment and economic inactivity by age group \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset A05 SA | Released 12 March 2024

Employment, unemployment and economic activity and inactivity by age group (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Full-time, part-time and temporary workers \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset EMP01 SA | Released 12 March 2024

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Actual weekly hours worked \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset HOUR01 SA | Released 12 March 2024

Actual weekly hours worked (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Unemployment by age and duration \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset UNEM01 SA | Released 12 March 2024

Unemployment by age and duration (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

### [Economic inactivity by reason \(seasonally adjusted\) \(seasonally adjusted\)](#)

Dataset INAC01 SA | Released 12 March 2024

Economic inactivity (aged 16 to 64 years) by reason (seasonally adjusted). These estimates are sourced from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households.

## 10 . Glossary

### Actual and usual hours worked

Statistics for [usual hours worked](#) measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are not affected by absences and so can provide a better measure of normal working patterns. For example, a person who usually works 37 hours a week but who was on holiday for a week would be recorded as working zero actual hours for that week, while usual hours would be recorded as 37 hours.

Workers temporarily absent from a job as a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic would still be classed as employed; however, they would be employed working no hours. This has directly affected estimates of total actual hours worked during the coronavirus pandemic. Since the average actual weekly hours are the average of all in employment, those temporarily absent from a job also affected these estimates.

### Claimant Count

The Claimant Count is an [official statistic in development](#) that measures the number of people who are receiving a benefit principally for the reason of being unemployed. Currently, the Claimant Count consists of those receiving Jobseekers' Allowance, and Universal Credit claimants in the "searching for work" conditionality group.

### Economic inactivity

People not in the labour force (also known as [economically inactive](#)) are not in employment but do not meet the internationally accepted definition of unemployment because they have not been seeking work within the last four weeks or are unable to start work in the next two weeks. The economic inactivity rate is the proportion of people aged between 16 and 64 years who are not in the labour force.

## Employment

[Employment](#) measures the number of people in paid work or who had a job that they were temporarily away from (for example, because they were on holiday or off sick). This differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. The employment rate is the proportion of people aged between 16 and 64 years who are in employment.

Workers furloughed under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS), or those who were self-employed but temporarily not in work, had a reasonable expectation of returning to their jobs after a temporary period of absence. Therefore, they were classified as employed under the International Labour Organization (ILO) definition.

A more detailed explanation is available in our [Guide to labour market statistics](#).

## Redundancies

The redundancy estimates measure the number of people who were made redundant or who took voluntary redundancy in the three months before the Labour Force Survey interviews; it does not take into consideration planned redundancies.

## Unemployment

[Unemployment](#) measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population that is unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (that is, those in work plus those seeking and available to work) that is unemployed.

A [more detailed glossary](#) is available.

# 11 . Measuring the data

This bulletin relies on data collected from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), the largest household survey in the UK.

## Official statistics in development

These statistics are labelled as “official statistics in development”. Until September 2023, these were called “experimental statistics”. Read more about the change in our [guide to official statistics in development](#).

These statistics are based on information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The reweighting exercise has improved the representativeness of our LFS estimates for periods from July to September 2022, reducing potential bias in our estimates. Nonetheless, the ongoing challenges with response rates and levels mean that LFS-based labour market statistics are now badged as [official statistics in development](#) until further review. This is also in line with the [letter from the Office for Statistics Regulation \(OSR\)](#), stating that LFS statistics should not be published as accredited official statistics until the OSR has reviewed them. We advise caution when interpreting short-term changes in headline LFS rates and recommend using them as part of our suite of labour market indicators alongside Workforce Jobs, claimant count data and Pay As You Earn Real Time Information (PAYE RTI) estimates.

We are transforming how we collect and produce the LFS data to improve the quality of these statistics. We have published a [Labour market transformation article](#) providing an update on the transformation of labour market statistics. The Transformed Labour Force Survey will become the primary source of information on the labour market from September 2024.

More quality and methodology information (QMI) on strengths, limitations, appropriate uses, and how the data were created is available in [our LFS QMI report](#).

Our [LFS performance and quality monitoring reports](#) provide data on response rates and other quality-related issues for the LFS.

## Coronavirus (COVID-19)

Read more about how the labour market data sources are affected by the coronavirus pandemic in our [Coronavirus and the effects on UK labour market statistics article](#).

For a comparison of our labour market data sources and the main differences, read our [Comparison of our labour market data sources methodology](#).

### Making our published spreadsheets accessible

Following the Government Statistical Service (GSS) guidance on [Government Statistical Service \(GSS\)](#) guidance on releasing statistics in spreadsheets, we will be amending our published tables over the coming months to improve usability, accessibility and machine readability of our published statistics. To help users change to the new formats, we will be publishing sample versions of a selection of our tables, and where practical, initially publish the tables in both the new and current formats. If you have any questions or comments, please email [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk).

## 12 . Strengths and limitations

The estimates presented in this bulletin contain uncertainty. For more information on uncertainty, please see our [Uncertainty and how we measure it for our surveys web page](#).

The figures in this bulletin come from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which gathers information from a sample of households across the UK rather than from the whole population. The sample is designed to be as accurate as possible, given practical limitations. Results from sample surveys are always estimates, not precise figures. This can have an impact on how changes in the estimates should be interpreted, especially for short-term comparisons. For more information on sampling, see [Section 2 of our Uncertainty and how we measure it for our surveys webpage](#).

The data in this bulletin come from the Labour Force Survey, a survey of households. It is not practical to survey every household each quarter, so these statistics are estimates based on a large sample.

As the sample gets smaller, the variability of the estimates gets larger. Estimates for small groups, which are based on small subsets of the LFS sample, are less reliable and tend to be more volatile than for larger aggregated groups.

In general, changes in the numbers (and especially the rates) reported in this bulletin between quarters are small and are not usually greater than the level that can be explained by sampling variability. Short-term movements in reported rates should be considered alongside longer-term patterns in the series and corresponding movements in other sources to give a fuller picture.

Information on the quality of estimates is available in our [Labour Force Survey sampling variability table](#).

### Comparability

The data in this bulletin follow internationally accepted definitions specified by the [International Labour Organization \(ILO\)](#). This ensures that the estimates for the UK are comparable with those for other countries.

Our annual [Reconciliation report of job estimates article](#) compares the latest workforce jobs series estimates with the equivalent estimates of jobs from the LFS. It is usually published in March each year following the benchmarking of Workforce Jobs.

Further information is available in our [Guide to labour market statistics](#).

## 13 . Related links

### [Impact of reweighting on Labour Force Survey key indicators: 2024](#)

Article | Released 5 February 2024

Indicative estimates of the Labour Force Survey (LFS) reweighting methodology on key indicators for the UK, between July to September 2022 and September to November 2023.

### [Working and workless households in the UK: April to June 2023](#)

Bulletin | Released 30 August 2023

The economic status of households in the UK and the people living in them, where at least one person is aged 16 to 64 years. Taken from the Labour Force Survey.

### [Young people not in education, employment or training \(NEET\), UK: February 2024](#)

Bulletin | Released 22 February 2023

Estimates of young people (aged 16 to 24 years) who are not in education, employment or training, by age and sex. These are official statistics in development.

### [Business insights and impact on the UK economy](#)

Bulletin | Released 7 March 2024

The impact of challenges facing the economy and other events on UK businesses. Based on responses from the voluntary fortnightly business survey (BICS) to deliver real-time information to help assess issues affecting UK businesses and economy, including financial performance, workforce, trade, and business resilience. These are official statistics in development.

### [Coronavirus and the effects on UK labour market statistics](#)

Article | Released 6 May 2020

How the global outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) and the wider containment efforts are expected to affect the UK labour market, providing some of the practical challenges that the Office for National Statistics is likely to face.

### [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\)](#)

Webpage | Updated frequently

Latest data and analysis on coronavirus (COVID-19) in the UK and its effect on the economy and society. Includes recent articles on coronavirus and self-employment in the UK, coronavirus and employment for parents in the UK, and coronavirus and employment for those aged 70 years and over in the UK.

## 14 . Cite this statistical bulletin

Office for National Statistical (ONS), released 12 March 2024, ONS website, statistical bulletin, [Employment in the UK: March 2024](#)

# Index of Tables

The table below provides an index of the tables appearing in this Statistical Bulletin and it shows how these table numbers match up with the Excel spreadsheet datasets which are available on the website at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/bulletins/uklabourmarket/march2024/relateddata>

Statistical Bulletin table number	Table description	Dataset	
	<b>SUMMARY</b>		
1	Labour Force Survey Summary	<a href="#">Dataset A02 SA</a>	
2 (*)	Labour market status by age group	<a href="#">Dataset A05 SA</a>	
	<b>EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS</b>		
3	Full-time, part-time & temporary workers	<a href="#">Dataset EMP01 SA</a>	
4	Public and private sector employment	<a href="#">Dataset EMP02</a>	
4(1)	Public sector employment by industry	<a href="#">Dataset EMP03</a>	
5	Workforce jobs summary	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS01</a>	
6 (**)	Workforce jobs by industry	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS02</a>	
7	Actual weekly hours worked	<a href="#">Dataset HOUR01 SA</a>	
7(1)	Usual weekly hours worked	<a href="#">Dataset HOUR02 SA</a>	
	<b>NON-UK WORKERS</b>		
8	Employment by country of birth and nationality	<a href="#">Dataset EMP06</a>	
8(1)	Unemployment and economic inactivity by country of birth and nationality	<a href="#">Dataset A12</a>	
	<b>UNEMPLOYMENT</b>		
9	Unemployment by age and duration	<a href="#">Dataset UNEM01 SA</a>	
	<b>ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY</b>		
10(*)	Economic activity by age	<a href="#">Dataset A05 SA</a>	
11	Economic inactivity by reason	<a href="#">Dataset INAC01 SA</a>	
12	Labour market and educational status of young people	<a href="#">Dataset A06 SA</a>	
	<b>EARNINGS</b>		
13	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Total pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	
14	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Bonus pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	
15	Average Weekly Earnings (nominal) - Regular pay	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	
16	Average Weekly Earnings real and nominal (summary table)	<a href="#">Dataset EARN01</a>	
	<b>INTERNATIONAL SUMMARY</b>		
17	International comparisons of employment and unemployment	<a href="#">Dataset A10</a>	
	<b>LABOUR DISPUTES</b>		
18	Labour disputes	<a href="#">Labour Disputes in the UK</a>	
	<b>VACANCIES</b>		
19	Vacancies by size of business	<a href="#">Dataset VACS03</a>	
20	Vacancies and unemployment	<a href="#">Dataset VACS01</a>	
21	Vacancies by industry	<a href="#">Dataset VACS02</a>	
	<b>REDUNDANCIES</b>		
22	Redundancies levels and rates	<a href="#">Dataset RED01 SA</a>	
	<b>REGIONAL SUMMARY</b>		
23(1)	Regional labour market summary	<a href="#">Dataset A07</a>	Not updated in March 2024
23(2)	Regional summary of Workforce Jobs	<a href="#">Dataset JOBS05</a>	Not updated in March 2024

(\*) Tables 2 and 10 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file have been amalgamated into one spreadsheet (Dataset A05 SA).

(\*\*) Table JOBS02 provides more detail than Table 6 in the Statistical Bulletin pdf file.

The following symbols are used in the tables: p provisional, r revised, .. Not available,\* suppressed due to small sample size.

The four-character identification codes appearing in the tables are the ONS references for the data series appearing in the Labour Market Statistics dataset which is available on the website at:

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/employmentandemployeetypes/datasets/labourmarketstatistics>

# SUMMARY

## 1 Summary of headline LFS<sup>1</sup> indicators

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	LFS household population <sup>1</sup>			Headline indicators					
				Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
				Level	Rate <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate <sup>4</sup>
	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 & over	All aged 16 to 64	All aged 16 to 64	
	MGSL	LF2O	MGRZ	LF24	MGSC	MGSX	LF2M	LF2S	
<b>People</b>									
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>5</sup>	54,083	41,873	32,657	75.0	1,399	4.1	9,114	21.8	
Nov-Jan 2023	54,584	42,177	33,099	75.2	1,314	3.8	9,151	21.7	
Feb-Apr 2023	54,680	42,220	33,326	75.4	1,353	3.9	9,049	21.4	
May-Jul 2023	54,777	42,262	33,082	74.9	1,496	4.3	9,138	21.6	
Aug-Oct 2023	54,877	42,306	33,196	75.1	1,367	4.0	9,206	21.8	
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>54,979</b>	<b>42,350</b>	<b>33,175</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>1,359</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>9,250</b>	<b>21.8</b>	
Change on quarter	101	44	-21	-0.1	-8	0.0	44	0.1	
Change %	0.2	0.1	-0.1		-0.6		0.5		
Change on year	395	173	76	-0.2	44	0.1	100	0.1	
Change %	0.7	0.4	0.2		3.4		1.1		
<b>Men</b>									
	MGSM	YBTG	MGSA	MGSV	MGSD	MGSY	YBSO	YBTM	
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>5</sup>	26,207	20,553	16,822	78.2	758	4.3	3,744	18.2	
Nov-Jan 2023	26,470	20,720	17,117	78.8	697	3.9	3,716	17.9	
Feb-Apr 2023	26,522	20,744	17,277	79.0	741	4.1	3,634	17.5	
May-Jul 2023	26,574	20,769	17,054	78.1	849	4.7	3,737	18.0	
Aug-Oct 2023	26,628	20,795	17,117	78.1	761	4.3	3,820	18.4	
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>26,682</b>	<b>20,820</b>	<b>17,144</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>742</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>3,810</b>	<b>18.3</b>	
Change on quarter	54	25	27	0.1	-19	-0.1	-11	-0.1	
Change %	0.2	0.1	0.2		-2.5		-0.3		
Change on year	211	101	27	-0.6	45	0.2	94	0.4	
Change %	0.8	0.5	0.2		6.5		2.5		
<b>Women</b>									
	MGSN	LF2P	MGSB	LF25	MGSE	MGSZ	LF2N	LF2T	
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>5</sup>	27,876	21,319	15,835	71.9	641	3.9	5,370	25.2	
Nov-Jan 2023	28,113	21,458	15,983	71.8	618	3.7	5,435	25.3	
Feb-Apr 2023	28,158	21,475	16,049	72.0	612	3.7	5,414	25.2	
May-Jul 2023	28,203	21,493	16,028	71.9	648	3.9	5,401	25.1	
Aug-Oct 2023	28,250	21,511	16,079	72.2	606	3.6	5,386	25.0	
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>28,297</b>	<b>21,530</b>	<b>16,031</b>	<b>71.9</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>5,441</b>	<b>25.3</b>	
Change on quarter	47	18	-48	-0.3	11	0.1	55	0.2	
Change %	0.2	0.1	-0.3		1.8		1.0		
Change on year	184	72	49	0.1	-1	0.0	6	-0.1	
Change %	0.7	0.3	0.3		-0.2		0.1		

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of households in the UK.

2. The headline employment rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 in employment divided by the population aged 16 to 64.

3. The headline unemployment rate is the number of unemployed people (aged 16+) divided by the economically active population (aged 16+). The economically active population is defined as those in employment plus those who are unemployed.

4. The headline inactivity rate is the number of people aged 16 to 64 divided by the population aged 16-64.

5. Data from Jun-Aug 2011 to Jun-Aug 2022 have been modelled to make them consistent with the new populations introduced in Jul-Sep 2022

### Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity rates

The headline employment and inactivity rates are based on the population aged 16 to 64 but the headline unemployment rate is based on the economically active population aged 16 and over. The employment and inactivity rates for those aged 16 and over are affected by the inclusion of the retired population in the denominators and are therefore less meaningful than the rates for those aged from 16 to 64. However, for the unemployment rate for those aged 16 and over, no such effect occurs as the denominator for the unemployment rate is the economically active population which only includes people in work or actively seeking and able to work.

### Note on headline employment, unemployment and inactivity levels

The headline employment and unemployment levels are for those aged 16 and over; they measure all people in work or actively seeking and able to work. However, the headline inactivity level is for those aged 16 to 64. The inactivity rate for those aged 16 and over is less meaningful as it includes elderly people who have retired from the labour force.

# SUMMARY

## 2(1) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 16 and over						Aged 16-64					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	MGRZ	MGSR	MGSC	MGSX	MGSI	YBTC	LF2G	LF24	LF2I	LF2Q	LF2M	LF2S
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	32,657	60.4	1,399	4.1	20,027	37.0	31,388	75.0	1,371	4.2	9,114	21.8
Nov-Jan 2023	33,099	60.6	1,314	3.8	20,170	37.0	31,736	75.2	1,291	3.9	9,151	21.7
Feb-Apr 2023	33,326	60.9	1,353	3.9	20,002	36.6	31,847	75.4	1,324	4.0	9,049	21.4
May-Jul 2023	33,082	60.4	1,496	4.3	20,199	36.9	31,659	74.9	1,465	4.4	9,138	21.6
Aug-Oct 2023	33,196	60.5	1,367	4.0	20,315	37.0	31,756	75.1	1,344	4.1	9,206	21.8
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	33,175	60.3	1,359	3.9	20,445	37.2	31,762	75.0	1,338	4.0	9,250	21.8
Change on quarter	-21	-0.1	-8	0.0	130	0.2	6	-0.1	-6	0.0	44	0.1
Change %	-0.1		-0.6		0.6		0.0		-0.5		0.5	
Change on year	76	-0.3	44	0.1	275	0.2	26	-0.2	47	0.1	100	0.1
Change %	0.2		3.4		1.4		0.1		3.6		1.1	
<b>Men</b>	MGSA	MGSS	MGSD	MGSY	MGSJ	YBTD	YBSF	MGSV	YBSI	YBTJ	YBSO	YBTM
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	16,822	64.2	758	4.3	8,628	32.9	16,069	78.2	740	4.4	3,744	18.2
Nov-Jan 2023	17,117	64.7	697	3.9	8,657	32.7	16,323	78.8	680	4.0	3,716	17.9
Feb-Apr 2023	17,277	65.1	741	4.1	8,504	32.1	16,389	79.0	721	4.2	3,634	17.5
May-Jul 2023	17,054	64.2	849	4.7	8,672	32.6	16,212	78.1	820	4.8	3,737	18.0
Aug-Oct 2023	17,117	64.3	761	4.3	8,750	32.9	16,231	78.1	743	4.4	3,820	18.4
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	17,144	64.3	742	4.1	8,796	33.0	16,282	78.2	729	4.3	3,810	18.3
Change on quarter	27	0.0	-19	-0.1	46	0.1	50	0.1	-14	-0.1	-11	-0.1
Change %	0.2		-2.5		0.5		0.3		-1.9		-0.3	
Change on year	27	-0.4	45	0.2	139	0.3	-41	-0.6	48	0.3	94	0.4
Change %	0.2		6.5		1.6		-0.3		7.1		2.5	
<b>Women</b>	MGSB	MGST	MGSE	MGSZ	MGSK	YBTE	LF2H	LF25	LF2J	LF2R	LF2N	LF2T
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	15,835	56.8	641	3.9	11,400	40.9	15,318	71.9	631	4.0	5,370	25.2
Nov-Jan 2023	15,983	56.9	618	3.7	11,513	41.0	15,413	71.8	610	3.8	5,435	25.3
Feb-Apr 2023	16,049	57.0	612	3.7	11,497	40.8	15,458	72.0	603	3.8	5,414	25.2
May-Jul 2023	16,028	56.8	648	3.9	11,527	40.9	15,447	71.9	645	4.0	5,401	25.1
Aug-Oct 2023	16,079	56.9	606	3.6	11,565	40.9	15,525	72.2	601	3.7	5,386	25.0
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	16,031	56.7	617	3.7	11,649	41.2	15,480	71.9	609	3.8	5,441	25.3
Change on quarter	-48	-0.3	11	0.1	84	0.2	-45	-0.3	8	0.1	55	0.2
Change %	-0.3		1.8		0.7		-0.3		1.4		1.0	
Change on year	49	-0.2	-1	0.0	136	0.2	67	0.1	-1	0.0	6	-0.1
Change %	0.3		-0.2		1.2		0.4		-0.2		0.1	
	Aged 16-17						Aged 18-24					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	YBTO	YBUA	YBVH	YBVK	YCAS	LWEX	YBTR	YBUD	YBVN	YBVQ	YCAV	LWFA
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	367	24.3	111	23.2	1,030	68.3	3,379	61.8	383	10.2	1,702	31.1
Nov-Jan 2023	404	26.2	112	21.7	1,024	66.5	3,445	62.6	370	9.7	1,691	30.7
Feb-Apr 2023	461	29.7	82	15.1	1,008	65.0	3,379	61.3	410	10.8	1,719	31.2
May-Jul 2023	430	27.5	83	16.2	1,052	67.2	3,219	58.4	463	12.6	1,830	33.2
Aug-Oct 2023	397	25.2	94	19.2	1,086	68.8	3,294	59.6	414	11.2	1,816	32.9
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	375	23.6	126	25.2	1,088	68.4	3,283	59.3	376	10.3	1,875	33.9
Change on quarter	-22	-1.6	32	6.0	2	-0.4	-11	-0.3	-38	-0.9	59	1.0
Change %	-5.5		33.9		0.2		-0.3		-9.2		3.3	
Change on year	-28	-2.6	15	3.5	64	1.9	-162	-3.2	6	0.6	184	3.2
Change %	-7.0		13.1		6.2		-4.7		1.6		10.9	
<b>Men</b>	YBTP	YBUB	YBVI	YBVL	YCAT	LWEY	YBTS	YBUE	YBVO	YBVR	YCAW	LWFB
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	165	21.3	59	26.3	550	71.1	1,685	61.1	225	11.8	847	30.7
Nov-Jan 2023	187	23.7	72	27.7	532	67.3	1,726	61.9	219	11.2	844	30.3
Feb-Apr 2023	222	27.9	43	16.1	532	66.7	1,725	61.8	255	12.9	811	29.0
May-Jul 2023	205	25.5	42	16.9	558	69.3	1,641	58.7	308	15.8	844	30.2
Aug-Oct 2023	185	22.8	44	19.1	582	71.8	1,651	59.0	264	13.8	884	31.6
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	171	21.0	67	28.2	578	70.8	1,647	58.7	251	13.2	906	32.3
Change on quarter	-14	-1.8	24	9.2	-4	-1.0	-3	-0.2	-13	-0.5	21	0.7
Change %	-7.3		54.8		-0.7		-0.2		-4.7		2.4	
Change on year	-16	-2.7	-4	0.5	46	3.5	-79	-3.2	33	2.0	62	2.0
Change %	-8.4		-5.9		8.7		-4.6		15.0		7.3	
<b>Women</b>	YBTQ	YBUC	YBVJ	YBVM	YCAU	LWEZ	YBTT	YBUF	YBVP	YBVS	YCAX	LWFC
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	202	27.5	52	20.4	480	65.4	1,694	62.6	158	8.5	855	31.6
Nov-Jan 2023	216	28.9	40	15.6	492	65.8	1,718	63.3	151	8.1	847	31.2
Feb-Apr 2023	239	31.7	40	14.2	476	63.1	1,654	60.9	155	8.6	909	33.4
May-Jul 2023	225	29.5	41	15.5	495	65.0	1,578	58.0	155	9.0	986	36.2
Aug-Oct 2023	212	27.7	51	19.3	504	65.7	1,643	60.3	150	8.4	931	34.2
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	204	26.4	59	22.4	510	66.0	1,636	59.9	124	7.1	969	35.5
Change on quarter	-8	-1.3	8	3.1	6	0.3	-7	-0.4	-25	-1.3	38	1.3
Change %	-3.9		16.0		1.2		-0.5		-17.0		4.1	
Change on year	-12	-2.5	19	6.8	17	0.2	-83	-3.3	-27	-1.0	122	4.3
Change %	-5.7		47.3		3.5		-4.8		-17.6		14.4	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Data from Jun-Aug 2011 to Jun-Aug 2022 have been modelled to make them consistent with the new populations introduced in Jul-Sep 2022

# SUMMARY

## 2(2) Labour market status by age group

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Aged 25-34						Aged 35-49					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	YBTU	YBUG	YCGM	YCGP	YCAI	LWFD	YBTX	YBUJ	YCGS	YCGV	YCBB	LWFG
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	7,515	84.0	286	3.7	1,147	12.8	10,891	84.8	309	2.8	1,641	12.8
Nov-Jan 2023	7,619	84.7	250	3.2	1,127	12.5	10,978	84.9	280	2.5	1,667	12.9
Feb-Apr 2023	7,619	84.7	283	3.6	1,090	12.1	11,048	85.4	270	2.4	1,624	12.5
May-Jul 2023	7,650	85.1	302	3.8	1,038	11.5	11,023	85.1	328	2.9	1,608	12.4
Aug-Oct 2023	7,658	85.2	256	3.2	1,073	11.9	10,987	84.6	350	3.1	1,647	12.7
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>7,499</b>	<b>83.5</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>1,185</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>11,119</b>	<b>85.5</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>1,585</b>	<b>12.2</b>
Change on quarter	-159	-1.7	44	0.6	112	1.3	132	0.9	-46	-0.4	-62	-0.5
Change %	-2.1		17.1		10.5		1.2		-13.2		-3.8	
Change on year	-119	-1.2	49	0.7	58	0.7	141	0.5	23	0.2	-82	-0.7
Change %	-1.6		19.6		5.1		1.3		8.3		-4.9	
<b>Men</b>	YBTV	YBUH	YCGN	YCGQ	YCAZ	LWFE	YBTY	YBUK	YCGT	YCGW	YCBC	LWFH
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	3,844	88.3	145	3.6	364	8.4	5,608	89.7	146	2.5	498	8.0
Nov-Jan 2023	3,902	88.8	109	2.7	381	8.7	5,697	90.7	108	1.9	479	7.6
Feb-Apr 2023	3,925	89.3	118	2.9	351	8.0	5,674	90.2	134	2.3	485	7.7
May-Jul 2023	3,913	89.0	132	3.3	351	8.0	5,639	89.5	161	2.8	500	7.9
Aug-Oct 2023	3,928	89.3	135	3.3	335	7.6	5,624	89.1	163	2.8	525	8.3
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>3,840</b>	<b>87.3</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>5,688</b>	<b>89.9</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>7.9</b>
Change on quarter	-88	-2.0	8	0.3	82	1.9	64	0.8	-26	-0.5	-26	-0.4
Change %	-2.2		5.7		24.4		1.1		-15.6		-5.0	
Change on year	-62	-1.6	34	0.9	36	0.8	-10	-0.7	30	0.5	20	0.3
Change %	-1.6		31.2		9.3		-0.2		27.7		4.1	
<b>Women</b>	YBTW	YBUI	YCGO	YCGR	YCBA	LWFF	YBTZ	YBUL	YCGU	YCGX	YCBD	LWFI
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	3,671	79.9	141	3.7	783	17.0	5,284	80.2	163	3.0	1,142	17.3
Nov-Jan 2023	3,717	80.7	141	3.7	746	16.2	5,280	79.5	172	3.2	1,188	17.9
Feb-Apr 2023	3,695	80.3	165	4.3	739	16.1	5,374	80.8	137	2.5	1,139	17.1
May-Jul 2023	3,737	81.4	169	4.3	687	15.0	5,384	80.9	166	3.0	1,108	16.6
Aug-Oct 2023	3,730	81.3	121	3.1	738	16.1	5,363	80.4	187	3.4	1,121	16.8
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>3,659</b>	<b>79.8</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>769</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>5,431</b>	<b>81.3</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>16.2</b>
Change on quarter	-71	-1.5	36	1.0	30	0.7	68	0.9	-21	-0.4	-35	-0.6
Change %	-1.9		29.9		4.1		1.3		-11.1		-3.2	
Change on year	-58	-0.9	15	0.4	22	0.6	151	1.8	-7	-0.2	-102	-1.6
Change %	-1.5		10.8		3.0		2.9		-3.8		-8.6	
	Aged 50-64						Age 65+					
	Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity		Employment		Unemployment		Inactivity	
	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate	Level	Rate
<b>People</b>	LF26	LF2U	LF28	LF2E	LF2A	LF2W	LFK4	LFK6	K5HU	K5HW	LFL4	LFL6
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	9,236	70.4	283	3.0	3,594	27.4	1,269	10.4	28	2.1	10,914	89.4
Nov-Jan 2023	9,291	70.3	279	2.9	3,641	27.6	1,364	11.0	24	1.7	11,019	88.8
Feb-Apr 2023	9,339	70.6	278	2.9	3,607	27.3	1,479	11.9	29	1.9	10,953	87.9
May-Jul 2023	9,338	70.5	290	3.0	3,609	27.3	1,423	11.4	31	2.2	11,061	88.4
Aug-Oct 2023	9,421	71.2	230	2.4	3,585	27.1	1,439	11.5	23	1.6	11,109	88.4
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>9,486</b>	<b>71.7</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>3,518</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>1,413</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>11,195</b>	<b>88.6</b>
Change on quarter	65	0.5	2	0.0	-67	-0.5	-27	-0.3	-2	-0.1	86	0.3
Change %	0.7		1.0		-1.9		-1.8		-8.3		0.8	
Change on year	195	1.3	-46	-0.5	-123	-1.0	49	0.2	-3	-0.2	176	-0.2
Change %	2.1		-16.6		-3.4		3.6		-11.3		1.6	
<b>Men</b>	MGUX	YBUN	MGVM	MGXF	MGWB	LWFK	MGVA	YBUQ	MGVP	MGXI	MGWE	LWFN
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	4,768	74.3	166	3.4	1,485	23.1	752	13.3	18	2.3	4,884	86.4
Nov-Jan 2023	4,810	74.4	174	3.5	1,481	22.9	794	13.8	16	2.0	4,941	85.9
Feb-Apr 2023	4,843	74.8	172	3.4	1,456	22.5	888	15.4	20	2.2	4,870	84.3
May-Jul 2023	4,815	74.3	177	3.6	1,484	22.9	841	14.5	28	3.2	4,936	85.0
Aug-Oct 2023	4,844	74.8	137	2.8	1,494	23.1	885	15.2	18	2.0	4,929	84.5
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>4,936</b>	<b>76.2</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1,411</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>4,986</b>	<b>85.1</b>
Change on quarter	91	1.4	-8	-0.2	-84	-1.3	-24	-0.5	-5	-0.5	57	0.6
Change %	1.9		-5.6		-5.6		-2.7		-25.2		1.2	
Change on year	125	1.8	-44	-0.9	-70	-1.1	68	0.9	-3	-0.5	45	-0.8
Change %	2.6		-25.4		-4.7		8.6		-18.3		0.9	
<b>Women</b>	LF27	LF2V	LF29	LF2F	LF2B	LF2X	LFK5	LFK7	K5HV	K5HX	LFL5	LFL7
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	4,468	66.7	118	2.6	2,109	31.5	517	7.9	10	1.9	6,030	92.0
Nov-Jan 2023	4,481	66.4	106	2.3	2,161	32.0	570	8.6	7	1.3	6,078	91.3
Feb-Apr 2023	4,496	66.6	106	2.3	2,151	31.9	591	8.8	9	1.5	6,083	91.0
May-Jul 2023	4,523	66.9	112	2.4	2,125	31.4	581	8.7	3	0.5	6,126	91.3
Aug-Oct 2023	4,576	67.7	93	2.0	2,091	30.9	554	8.2	5	0.9	6,179	91.7
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>4,550</b>	<b>67.3</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2,107</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>551</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>6,208</b>	<b>91.7</b>
Change on quarter	-26	-0.4	10	0.2	16	0.2	-3	-0.1	3	0.5	29	0.0
Change %	-0.6		10.8		0.8		-0.5		52.2		0.5	
Change on year	69	0.9	-2	-0.1	-53	-0.9	-19	-0.4	0	0.1	130	0.4
Change %	1.5		-2.1		-2.5		-3.3		4.5		2.1	

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Data from Jun-Aug 2011 to Jun-Aug 2022 have been modelled to make them consistent with the new populations introduced in Jul-Sep 2022

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over)  
seasonally adjusted

People	All in employment												Full-time and part-time workers <sup>1</sup>																	
	Government supported training & employment programmes <sup>2</sup>											Total people working full-time	total people working part-time				Self-employed people working full-time	Self-employed people working part-time	Total Workers with second jobs											
	Total	Employees	Self-employed	Unpaid family workers	Government supported training & employment programmes <sup>2</sup>	MGRV	YCBE	YCBH	YCBK	YCBN	YCBQ		YCBT	YCBW																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25						
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	32,530	28,217	4,180	82	50	24,430	8,100	21,512	6,705	2,868	1,312	1,182	33,099	28,629	4,306	76	88	24,622	8,478	21,717	6,912	2,825	1,481	1,236						
Nov-Jan 2023	33,326	28,720	4,428	85	93	24,730	8,596	21,730	6,989	2,913	1,515	1,216	33,082	28,682	4,261	79	61	24,500	8,582	21,655	7,027	2,791	1,470	1,205						
Feb-Apr 2023	33,196	28,718	4,335	94	49	24,687	8,509	21,739	6,978	2,894	1,441	1,169	Nov-Jan 2024	33,175	28,714	4,328	85	48	24,886	8,289	21,910	6,804	2,922	1,406	1,161					
Change on quarter	-21	-3	-7	-10	-1	199	-220	171	-174	28	-35	-8	Change on year	76	85	22	8	-40	265	-189	193	-108	97	-74	-75					
Change %	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	-10.2	-2.3	0.8	-2.6	0.8	-2.5	1.0	-2.4	-0.7	Change %	0.2	0.3	0.5	10.9	-45.5	1.1	-2.2	0.9	-1.6	3.4	-5.0	-6.1					
<b>Men</b>																														
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	16,993	14,196	2,727	44	26	14,736	2,257	12,523	1,673	2,184	542	524	17,117	14,319	2,704	40	54	14,734	2,383	12,563	1,756	2,117	587	512						
Nov-Jan 2023	17,277	14,369	2,801	49	58	14,771	2,506	12,542	1,827	2,169	632	501	17,054	14,292	2,688	39	35	14,634	2,420	12,495	1,797	2,101	587	500						
Feb-Apr 2023	17,117	14,216	2,811	57	33	14,735	2,381	12,477	1,738	2,213	598	489	Nov-Jan 2024	17,144	14,301	2,755	52	35	14,804	2,339	12,564	1,738	2,198	557	500					
Change on quarter	27	85	-56	-5	2	69	-42	86	-1	-15	-41	11	Change on year	27	-18	51	12	-18	71	-44	1	-19	81	-30	-12					
Change %	0.2	0.6	-2.0	-8.8	7.0	0.5	-1.8	0.7	0.0	-0.7	-6.8	2.3	Change %	0.2	-0.1	1.9	30.1	-34.0	0.5	-1.8	0.0	-1.1	3.8	-5.1	-2.3					
<b>Women</b>																														
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	15,537	14,021	1,454	38	24	9,694	5,843	8,989	5,032	684	770	658	15,983	14,310	1,602	37	34	9,888	6,095	9,154	5,156	708	894	724						
Nov-Jan 2023	16,049	14,351	1,628	36	35	9,959	6,090	9,188	5,162	744	883	714	16,028	14,390	1,572	40	26	9,866	6,162	9,160	5,230	690	883	705						
Feb-Apr 2023	16,079	14,502	1,524	38	16	9,952	6,127	9,262	5,240	680	843	680	Nov-Jan 2024	16,031	14,413	1,573	33	13	10,082	5,949	9,346	5,067	724	849	661					
Change on quarter	-48	-89	49	-5	-3	130	-178	85	-173	43	6	-19	Change on year	49	103	-29	-4	-22	194	-146	192	-89	16	-45	-63					
Change %	-0.3	-0.6	3.2	-12.3	-21.6	1.3	-2.9	0.9	-3.3	6.3	0.7	-2.8	Change %	0.3	0.7	-1.8	-9.9	-63.5	2.0	-2.4	2.1	-1.7	2.2	-5.0	-8.7					
<b>Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)</b>													<b>Part-time workers (reasons for working part-time)<sup>3</sup></b>																	
	Total as % of all employees											Total <sup>4</sup>																		
	Could not find permanent job			% that could not find permanent job			Did not want permanent job			Had a contract with period of training			Some other reason			Could not find full-time job			% that could not find full-time job			Did not want full-time job			Ill or disabled			Student or at school		
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25																	
<b>People</b>	YCBZ	YCCF	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCL	YCCO	YCCR	YCCU	YCCX	YCCD	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ																	
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	1,696	6.0	425	25.0	467	160	645	8,017	917	11.4	5,588	270	1,180																	
Nov-Jan 2023	1,694	5.9	382	22.5	510	155	648	8,303	821	9.8	5,912	367	1,219																	
Feb-Apr 2023	1,678	5.8	380	22.7	440	170	688	8,505	843	9.9	5,974	378	1,244																	
May-Jul 2023	1,650	5.8	368	22.3	450	173	660	8,497	811	9.5	5,939	395	1,300																	
Aug-Oct 2023	1,596	5.6	340	21.3	460	109	688	8,419	814	9.7	5,891	377	1,284																	
Nov-Jan 2024	1,445	5.0	325	22.5	435	152	533	8,211	775	9.4	5,862	366	1,146																	
Change on quarter	-151	-0.5	-15	1.2	-25	43	-155	-209	-39	-0.2	-30	-10	-138																	
Change %	-9.5	-4.3	-3.3	-5.3	39.2	-22.5	-2.5	-4.8			-0.5	-2.8	-10.8																	
Change on year	-249	-0.9	-57	0.0	-75	-3	-115	-182	-46	-0.3	-51	-1	-73																	
Change %	-14.7	-14.8		-14.6	-2.0	-17.7	-2.2	-5.6		-0.9	-0.3	-6.0																		
<b>Men</b>	YCCA	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCCD	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ																	
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	730	5.1	206	28.2	181	69	273	2,215	418	18.9	1,197	98	474																	
Nov-Jan 2023	801	5.6	195	24.3	208	86	312	2,343	379	16.2	1,308	163	468																	
Feb-Apr 2023	773	5.4	175	22.7	191	101	306	2,459	380	15.5	1,383	151	515																	
May-Jul 2023	733	5.1	158	21.6	190	93	293	2,384	333	14.0	1,348	146	539																	
Aug-Oct 2023	716	5.0	157	21.9	200	74	285	2,336	311	13.3	1,371	137	506																	
Nov-Jan 2024	706	4.9	174	24.7	196	82	254	2,295	321	14.0	1,331	136	482																	
Change on quarter	-10	-0.1	18	2.8	-4	7	-32	-42	10	0.7	-40	-2	-23																	
Change %	-1.4		11.2		-1.8	9.7	-11.1	-1.8	3.3		-2.9	-1.2	-4.6																	
Change on year	-95	-0.7	-21	0.4	-11	-5	-58	-49	-58	-2.2	23	-27	14																	
Change %	-11.8	-10.5		-5.4	-5.5	-18.7	-2.1	-15.3		1.8	-16.8	3.0																		
<b>Women</b>	YCCB	YCCF	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCN	YCCO	YCCP	YCCV	YCCZ	YCCD	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ																	
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	966	6.9	218	22.6	286	90	371	5,802	499	8.6	4,391	172	706																	
Nov-Jan 2023	893	6.2	187	20.9	302	69	336	6,050	442	7.3	4,604	204	750																	
Feb-Apr 2023	905	6.3	205	22.7	248	69	382	6,046	463	7.7	4,591	227	730																	
May-Jul 2023	917	6.4	210	22.9	260	80	367	6,113	478	7.8	4,590	250	761																	
Aug-Oct 2023	880	6.1	183	20.8	260	35	402	6,083	503	8.3	4,520	239	779																	
Nov-Jan 2024	739	5.1	151	20.4	239	70	279	5,916	454	7.7	4,530	230	664																	
Change on quarter	-141	-0.9	-32	-0.4	-21	36	-123	-167	-49	-0.6	10	-9	-115																	
Change %	-16.0	-17.6		-8.1	102.5	-30.6	-2.7	-9.8		0.2	-3.7	-14.8																		
Change on year	-154	-1.1	-36	-0.5	-63	2	-57	-134	12	0.4	-74	26	-87																	
Change %	-17.3	-19.3		-21.0	2.4	-16.9	-2.2	2.7		-1.6	12.8	-11.5																		

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

**Note: When comparing quarterly changes ONS recommends comparing with the previous non-overlapping 3-month average time period (eg, compare Apr-Jun with Jan-Mar, not with Mar-May).**

- The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.
- This series does not include all people on these programmes; it only includes those engaging in any form of work, work experience or work-related training.
- These series cover Employees and Self-employed only. These series include some temporary employees.
- The total includes those who did not give a reason for working part-time and it therefore does not equal the sum of the other columns in this section of the table.
- Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 7 Actual weekly hours worked

United Kingdom (hours worked by people aged 16 and over), seasonally adjusted

Average (mean) actual weekly hours worked

	Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>12</sup>	All workers <sup>1</sup>	Full-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Second Jobs
<b>People</b>	YBUS	YBUV	YBUY	YBVB	YBVE
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>4</sup>	1,032.4	31.7	36.4	16.5	9.8
Nov-Jan 2023	1,051.4	31.8	36.5	16.7	9.2
Feb-Apr 2023	1,063.0	31.9	36.7	16.7	9.3
May-Jul 2023	1,043.9	31.6	36.4	16.4	9.2
Aug-Oct 2023	1,042.9	31.4	36.2	16.3	9.2
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>1,057.5</b>	<b>31.9</b>	<b>36.7</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>9.6</b>
<i>Change on quarter</i>	14.7	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.4
<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.5	1.2	0.8	4.3
<i>Change on year</i>	6.2	0.1	0.1	-0.3	0.4
<i>Change %</i>	0.6	0.4	0.4	-1.6	4.4
<b>Men</b>	YBUT	YBUW	YBUZ	YBVC	YBVF
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>4</sup>	600.3	35.3	37.9	16.3	10.5
Nov-Jan 2023	604.8	35.3	38.0	17.0	9.4
Feb-Apr 2023	608.3	35.2	38.0	16.8	9.0
May-Jul 2023	596.7	35.0	37.7	16.3	9.2
Aug-Oct 2023	597.5	34.9	37.7	16.1	9.9
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>605.3</b>	<b>35.3</b>	<b>38.0</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>11.1</b>
<i>Change on quarter</i>	7.9	0.4	0.4	-0.1	1.3
<i>Change %</i>	1.3	1.2	1.1	-0.7	12.7
<i>Change on year</i>	0.5	0.0	0.0	-1.1	1.7
<i>Change %</i>	0.1	-0.1	0.1	-6.3	17.9
<b>Women</b>	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	YBVD	YBVG
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>4</sup>	432.2	27.8	34.0	16.6	9.2
Nov-Jan 2023	446.6	27.9	34.3	16.6	9.1
Feb-Apr 2023	454.7	28.3	34.7	16.7	9.5
May-Jul 2023	447.2	27.9	34.3	16.5	9.2
Aug-Oct 2023	445.4	27.7	34.1	16.4	8.8
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>452.2</b>	<b>28.2</b>	<b>34.6</b>	<b>16.7</b>	<b>8.5</b>
<i>Change on quarter</i>	6.8	0.5	0.5	0.2	-0.3
<i>Change %</i>	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.4	-3.0
<i>Change on year</i>	5.6	0.3	0.3	0.0	-0.6
<i>Change %</i>	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.2	-6.3

Source: Labour Force Survey

1 Main and second job

2 Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

3 Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

4 Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

# 7 (1) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

United Kingdom, seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>Nov-Jan 2023</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.9	1.8	0.9	0.6	1.3	3.8	2.2	6.5
6 up to 15 hours	6.1	3.6	8.8	5.4	3.0	7.8	11.0	6.9	18.1
16 up to 30 hours	18.9	10.6	27.7	17.7	8.9	26.5	26.4	19.6	37.7
31 up to 45 hours	58.6	64.4	52.5	61.8	68.1	55.4	38.2	45.1	26.6
Over 45 hours	15.0	20.5	9.2	14.2	19.4	9.0	20.6	26.2	11.1
Total (thousands)	33,099	17,117	15,983	28,629	14,319	14,310	4,306	2,704	1,602
<b>Aug-Oct 2023</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.9	1.8	0.8	0.5	1.2	4.1	2.7	6.9
6 up to 15 hours	6.3	3.9	8.9	5.6	3.3	7.8	10.9	6.3	19.5
16 up to 30 hours	18.6	10.5	27.1	17.9	9.2	26.4	22.9	17.0	33.7
31 up to 45 hours	59.8	66.1	53.1	62.5	69.5	55.6	42.9	49.6	30.5
Over 45 hours	14.0	18.6	9.1	13.2	17.5	9.1	19.2	24.5	9.4
Total (thousands)	33,196	17,117	16,079	28,718	14,216	14,502	4,335	2,811	1,524
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.9	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.2	3.6	2.3	5.9
6 up to 15 hours	6.0	3.6	8.5	5.2	3.1	7.3	10.8	5.8	19.5
16 up to 30 hours	18.6	10.2	27.6	17.9	9.0	26.7	23.2	16.0	35.8
31 up to 45 hours	59.3	65.3	53.0	62.3	68.7	55.8	40.4	47.9	27.3
Over 45 hours	14.9	20.1	9.3	13.8	18.6	9.0	22.0	28.0	11.5
Total (thousands)	33,175	17,144	16,031	28,714	14,301	14,413	4,328	2,755	1,573

<sup>1</sup> Total usual weekly hours worked by people aged 16 and over in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

NON-UK WORKERS

8(1) Employment levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

United Kingdom (thousands of people aged 16 and over) not seasonally adjusted

	Europe																			Africa		Asia			America and Oceania				Total Non-EU <sup>7</sup>
	European Union (EU)										Other Europe (not in EU)	Total Africa	Of which: South Africa	Total Asia	Of which: India	Of which: Pakistan and Bangladesh	Total America and Oceania	Of which: USA	Of which: Australia and New Zealand										
	Total <sup>1</sup>	UK	Non UK	Total Europe	Total EU (EU27) <sup>2</sup>	EU14 <sup>3</sup>	EU6 <sup>4</sup>	EU2 <sup>5</sup>	Other EU <sup>6</sup>	FSC2										EQ4Q	JJR3	JJR5	EQ4R	FSC3	FSC4	FSC5	JJS3	FSC6	
<b>Levels (aged 16 and over)</b>	MGTM	JF6F	JF6G	FSC2	EQ4Q	JJR3	JJR5	EQ4R	FSC3	FSC4	FSC5	JJS3	FSC6	JJS7	JJS9	FSC7	JJR7	JJS5	EQ4S										
Oct-Dec 2021	32,611	26,541	6,066	...	2,412	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,854			
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	33,089	26,632	6,455	...	2,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,154			
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	33,209	26,647	6,561	...	2,307	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,254			
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	33,093	26,519	6,568	...	2,230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,337			
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	33,137	26,449	6,679	...	2,265	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,414			
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	33,193	26,319	6,859	...	2,285	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,575			
Change on year	104	-312	405	...	-15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	420			
Change %	0.3	-1.2	6.3	...	-0.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10.1			
<b>Country of birth rates</b>	LF9D	LFM6	LFM7	FSD5	EQ4Y	LFM8	LFM9	EQ4R	FSD6	FSD7	FSD8	LFN4	FSD9	LFN6	LFN7	FSE2	LFN2	LFN5	EQ52										
Oct-Dec 2021	75.6	75.6	75.7	...	83.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71.3			
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	75.3	75.3	75.3	...	81.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72.1			
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	75.3	75.2	75.8	...	83.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72.3			
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	75.0	74.9	75.4	...	82.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72.1			
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	74.9	74.9	75.1	...	79.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72.9			
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	75.1	74.8	76.2	...	81.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73.7			
Change on year	-0.2	-0.5	0.9	...	0.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.6			
<b>Nationality levels</b>	MGTM	JF6H	JF6I	FSC8	EQ4U	JJR4	JJR6	EQ4V	FSC9	FSC6	FSD2	JJS4	FSD3	JJS8	JJS2	FSD4	JJR8	JJS6	EQ4W										
Oct-Dec 2021	32,611	26,915	3,690	...	2,173	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,517			
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	33,089	26,885	4,199	...	2,161	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,038			
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	33,209	26,960	4,247	...	2,171	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,076			
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	33,093	26,796	4,292	...	2,152	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,140			
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	33,137	26,757	4,374	...	2,244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,130			
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	33,193	26,693	4,491	...	2,199	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,292			
Change on year	104	-192	292	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	254			
Change %	0.3	-0.7	7.0	...	1.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12.5			
<b>Nationality rates</b>	LF9D	LFN8	LFN9	FSE3	EQ54	LFO2	LFO3	EQ55	FSE4	FSE5	FSE6	LFO6	FSE7	LFO8	LFO9	FSE8	LFO4	LFO7	EQ56										
Oct-Dec 2021	75.6	75.6	76.3	...	83.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68.1			
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	75.3	75.4	74.6	...	80.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68.9			
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	75.3	75.3	75.3	...	82.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69.2			
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	75.0	75.0	75.3	...	82.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69.3			
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	74.9	74.9	75.0	...	80.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70.0			
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	75.1	74.9	76.3	...	82.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71.3			
Change on year	-0.2	-0.5	1.8	...	1.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.5			

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series MGTM does not therefore equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.

2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states. This series equals the sum of EU14, EU6, EU2 and Other EU.

3. Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden.

4. Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

5. Romania and Bulgaria.

6. Cyprus, Malta and Croatia

7. Total Non-EU equals the sum of Other Europe, Total Africa, Total Asia and Total America and Oceania

The estimates shown in this table relate to the number of people in employment and should not be used as a proxy for flows of foreign migrants into the UK.

[r] Labour Force Survey (LFS) responses have been reweighted for periods from July to September 2022.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

# NON-UK WORKERS

## 8(2) Unemployment and economic inactivity levels and rates by country of birth and nationality

United Kingdom (thousands of people) not seasonally adjusted

	Unemployment (all aged 16 and over)					Economically inactive (all aged from 16 to 64)										
	Total <sup>1</sup>		UK	Non-UK	EU27 <sup>2</sup>	Non-EU	Total <sup>1</sup>		UK		Non-UK		EU27 <sup>2</sup>		Non-EU	
	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>	All economically inactive	Of which: Students <sup>3</sup>
<b>Levels (thousands of people)</b>																
<b>Country of birth level</b>	MGTP	DSWD	DT35	DT3F	DTKB	LF9L	LF9W	DTLK	DYUP	DYUR	DYVR	DYVZ	DYWL	DYWR	DZ37	
Oct-Dec 2021	1,382	1,044	338	69	269	8,753	2,251	7,166	1,833	1,559	418	396	128	1,163	290	
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	1,336	986	350	69	281	9,107	2,301	7,366	1,798	1,722	503	434	165	1,288	338	
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	1,364	1,029	335	52	283	9,099	2,388	7,371	1,836	1,712	552	409	168	1,303	384	
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	1,432	1,031	400	68	333	9,166	2,432	7,436	1,851	1,705	572	403	182	1,303	390	
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	1,453	1,059	395	71	324	9,182	2,338	7,379	1,753	1,773	585	496	198	1,277	387	
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	1,321	967	354	103	251	9,235	2,448	7,482	1,901	1,740	547	399	133	1,340	413	
Change on year	-15	-19	5	35	-30	128	146	116	102	17	44	-35	-31	52	75	
Change %	-1.1	-2.0	1.3	50.4	-10.7	1.4	6.4	1.6	5.7	1.0	8.8	-8.0	-19.1	4.0	22.3	
<b>Country of birth rate</b>	MGUK	DT2W	DT3B	DTJG	DTKD	CRZK	DYTD	DYUT	DYUT	DYUT	DYWD	DYWD	DYWT	DYWT		
Oct-Dec 2021	4.1	3.8	5.3	2.8	6.8	21.1		21.3		20.0		14.0		23.4		
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	3.9	3.6	5.1	2.9	6.3	21.6		21.8		20.6		15.7		23.0		
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	3.9	3.7	4.9	2.2	6.2	21.6		21.8		20.3		15.0		22.8		
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	4.1	3.7	5.7	2.9	7.1	21.7		22.1		20.0		15.1		22.3		
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	4.2	3.8	5.6	3.0	6.8	21.7		22.0		20.4		17.7		21.7		
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	3.8	3.5	4.9	4.3	5.2	21.8		22.3		19.8		14.5		22.2		
Change on year	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	1.4	-1.1	0.2		0.5		-0.8		-1.2		-0.8		
<b>Nationality levels</b>	MGTP	DSWE	DT39	DTG9	DTKC	LF9L	LF9W	DYTC	DYUQ	DYUS	DYVU	DYWA	DYWM	DYWS	DZGD	
Oct-Dec 2021	1,382	1,168	213	70	142	8,753	2,251	7,803	1,974	922	276	360	126	562	150	
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	1,336	1,074	263	81	181	9,107	2,301	7,933	1,913	1,155	388	423	148	732	241	
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	1,364	1,124	240	70	170	9,099	2,388	7,938	1,947	1,145	441	397	149	748	292	
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	1,432	1,150	281	66	215	9,166	2,432	8,017	2,014	1,124	418	392	152	732	266	
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	1,453	1,188	285	75	191	9,182	2,338	7,977	1,865	1,175	473	460	183	715	289	
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	1,321	1,040	282	106	176	9,235	2,448	8,122	2,082	1,100	366	358	111	741	255	
Change on year	-15	-34	19	24	-5	128	146	189	169	-55	-23	-64	-37	9	15	
Change %	-1.1	-3.1	7.2	30.0	-3.0	1.4	6.4	2.4	8.8	-4.8	-5.8	-15.2	-25.3	1.2	6.2	
<b>Nationality rates</b>	MGUK	DT2Z	DT3D	DTKA	DTLH	CRZK	DYUO	DYUJ	DYUJ	DYUJ	DYWE	DYWE	DYWE	DZ36		
Oct-Dec 2021	4.1	3.9	5.4	3.1	8.6	21.1		21.3		19.3		14.0		25.5		
Oct-Dec 2022 [r]	3.9	3.6	5.9	3.6	8.2	21.6		21.7		20.8		16.0		25.0		
Jan-Mar 2023 [r]	3.9	3.7	5.3	3.1	7.6	21.6		21.7		20.5		15.2		25.2		
Apr-Jun 2023 [r]	4.1	3.8	6.2	3.0	9.1	21.7		21.9		19.9		15.1		23.8		
Jul-Sep 2023 [r]	4.2	4.0	5.7	3.2	8.2	21.7		21.9		20.4		16.7		23.8		
Oct-Dec 2023 [r]	3.8	3.5	5.9	4.6	7.1	21.8		22.3		18.9		13.6		23.2		
Change on year	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	1.0	-1.0	0.2		0.6		-1.9		-2.4		-1.8		

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. The total series includes people who do not state their country of birth or nationality. The total levels series therefore do not equal the sum of the "UK" and "Non-UK" series.

2. This series consists of all 27 EU member states.

3. This series consists of those people whose main reason for being economically inactive was because they were students. It does not include all students as some students will be included in the employment and unemployment estimates.

[r] Labour Force Survey (LFS) responses have been reweighted for periods from July to September 2022

# UNEMPLOYMENT

## 9(1) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 & over							All aged 16 - 64						
	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<b>People</b>			YBWF	YBWH	YBWI	YBWL				LF2Y	LF32	LF34	LF36	LF38
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	1,346	4.0	744	189	413	30.7	203	1,317	4.0	734	187	397	30.1	194
Nov-Jan 2023	1,314	3.8	850	158	307	23.4	167	1,291	3.9	843	151	297	23.0	159
Feb-Apr 2023	1,353	3.9	865	190	298	22.0	185	1,324	4.0	850	187	288	21.7	180
May-Jul 2023	1,496	4.3	967	227	302	20.2	181	1,465	4.4	951	224	290	19.8	174
Aug-Oct 2023	1,367	4.0	924	205	238	17.4	123	1,344	4.1	916	200	228	17.0	114
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	1,359	3.9	904	173	281	20.7	152	1,338	4.0	899	172	267	19.9	146
Change on quarter	-8	0.0	-19	-32	43	3.3	28	-6	0.0	-17	-28	39	3.0	33
Change %	-0.6		-2.1	-15.4	18.0		22.9	-0.5		-1.8	-14.1	17.0		28.7
Change on year	44	0.1	55	15	-26	-2.7	-15	47	0.1	57	21	-31	-3.1	-13
Change %	3.4		6.4	9.8	-8.4		-9.1	3.6		6.7	13.8	-10.3		-8.1
<b>Men</b>			MGYK	MGYM	MGYO	YBWJ	YBWM			YBWP	YBWS	YBWW	YBWW	YBWB
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	743	4.2	385	88	271	36.4	133	725	4.3	378	87	259	35.8	125
Nov-Jan 2023	697	3.9	439	78	180	25.8	120	680	4.0	433	72	175	25.8	115
Feb-Apr 2023	741	4.1	430	111	201	27.1	133	721	4.2	419	108	194	26.9	130
May-Jul 2023	849	4.7	520	128	201	23.7	126	820	4.8	509	124	187	22.8	119
Aug-Oct 2023	761	4.3	501	110	150	19.7	88	743	4.4	494	106	143	19.3	82
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	742	4.1	463	86	194	26.1	113	729	4.3	458	85	186	25.5	110
Change on quarter	-19	-0.1	-38	-25	44	6.4	25	-14	-0.1	-36	-21	42	6.2	29
Change %	-2.5		-7.6	-22.5	29.4		28.2	-1.9		-7.2	-19.7	29.5		35.1
Change on year	45	0.2	23	8	14	0.3	-7	48	0.3	25	13	10	-0.3	-5
Change %	6.5		5.3	10.2	7.7		-5.8	7.1		5.8	18.3	5.7		-4.2
<b>Women</b>			MGYL	MGYN	MGYP	YBWK	YBWN			LF2Z	LF33	LF35	LF37	LF39
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	603	3.7	360	101	142	23.6	70	592	3.8	356	99	138	23.2	69
Nov-Jan 2023	618	3.7	410	80	127	20.6	47	610	3.8	409	79	122	19.9	44
Feb-Apr 2023	612	3.7	435	80	98	16.0	52	603	3.8	430	79	94	15.6	50
May-Jul 2023	648	3.9	447	99	101	15.6	55	645	4.0	442	100	103	15.9	55
Aug-Oct 2023	606	3.6	423	94	89	14.6	35	601	3.7	422	94	85	14.1	32
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	617	3.7	442	88	87	14.2	38	609	3.8	441	87	81	13.3	36
Change on quarter	11	0.1	19	-7	-1	-0.4	3	8	0.1	19	-7	-3	-0.8	4
Change %	1.8		4.4	-7.2	-1.2		9.4	1.4		4.5	-7.8	-4.1		12.3
Change on year	-1	0.0	31	8	-40	-6.4	-8	-1	0.0	32	8	-41	-6.6	-8
Change %	-0.2		7.6	9.4	-31.2		-17.8	-0.2		7.7	9.6	-33.3		-18.4

	16-17							18-24						
	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
<b>People</b>			YBKD	YBKG	YBKJ	YBKM	YBXP			YBXS	YBXV	YBYX	YBYB	YBYE
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	101	22.3	78	18	5	4.6	*	361	9.8	233	41	87	24.2	24
Nov-Jan 2023	112	21.7	101	7	3	3.1	*	370	9.7	276	38	55	15.0	15
Feb-Apr 2023	82	15.1	66	14	*	*	*	410	10.8	284	75	51	12.5	29
May-Jul 2023	83	16.2	57	22	4	4.3	*	463	12.6	335	72	57	12.2	25
Aug-Oct 2023	94	19.2	79	13	*	*	*	414	11.2	268	90	55	13.4	23
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	126	25.2	107	13	7	5.2	*	376	10.3	249	59	68	18.1	31
Change on quarter	32	6.0	28	0	*	*	*	-38	-0.9	-19	-32	12	4.7	8
Change %	33.9		36.0	-3.6	*	*	*	-9.2		-7.0	-35.1	22.4		34.4
Change on year	15	3.5	6	5	3	2.0	*	6	0.6	-27	20	13	3.1	15
Change %	13.1		6.1	74.0	87.0		*	1.6		-9.7	52.3	22.8		100.5
<b>Men</b>			YBXE	YBXH	YBXK	YBXN	YBXQ			YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	55	26.0	42	10	3	5.8	*	217	11.4	132	27	57	26.3	15
Nov-Jan 2023	72	27.7	69	3	*	*	*	219	11.2	161	22	36	16.3	14
Feb-Apr 2023	43	16.1	39	4	*	*	*	255	12.9	162	49	44	17.4	26
May-Jul 2023	42	16.9	36	6	*	*	*	308	15.8	208	57	43	14.0	21
Aug-Oct 2023	44	19.1	37	6	*	*	*	264	13.8	170	53	42	15.8	19
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	67	28.2	58	5	4	6.5	*	251	13.2	164	32	55	22.0	27
Change on quarter	24	9.2	21	-1	*	*	*	-13	-0.5	-6	-20	14	6.3	8
Change %	54.8		55.3	-15.1	*	*	*	-4.7		-3.5	-38.7	33.0		41.2
Change on year	-4	0.5	-10	2	*	*	*	33	2.0	3	10	20	5.7	12
Change %	-5.9		-15.1	94.4	*	*	*	15.0		1.9	44.7	55.0		88.5
<b>Women</b>			YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBXO	YBXR			YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	YBYG
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	46	19.2	36	8	*	*	*	144	8.1	101	13	30	20.9	9
Nov-Jan 2023	40	15.6	32	5	3	7.3	*	151	8.1	115	16	20	12.9	*
Feb-Apr 2023	40	14.2	27	11	*	*	*	155	8.6	123	26	7	4.3	3
May-Jul 2023	41	15.5	21	17	*	*	*	155	9.0	127	15	14	8.7	*
Aug-Oct 2023	51	19.3	41	8	*	*	*	150	8.4	98	38	14	9.2	*
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	59	22.4	49	8	*	*	*	124	7.1	86	26	12	10.0	*
Change on quarter	8	3.1	8	0	*	*	*	-25	-1.3	-13	-11	-1	0.8	*
Change %	16.0		18.3	5.2	*	*	*	-17.0		-13.0	-30.0	-9.8		*
Change on year	19	6.8	17	3	*	*	*	-27	-1.0	-30	10	-7	-2.9	*
Change %	47.3		51.4	63.5	*	*	*	-17.6		-25.8	62.8	-36.0		*

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

**Note:** When comparing quarterly changes ONS recommends comparing with the previous non-overlapping 3-month average time period (eg, compare Apr-Jun with Jan-Mar, not with Mar-May).

<sup>1</sup> Denominator = economically active for that age group.

<sup>2</sup> Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

# UNEMPLOYMENT

## 9(2) Unemployment by age and duration

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	25-49							50 and over						
	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months		All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 months		All over 12 months	% over 12 months	All over 24 months
			3	4						10	11			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<b>People</b>	MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBYU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	579	3.1	300	85	193	33.4	110	306	2.8	133	45	128	41.8	67
Nov-Jan 2023	531	2.8	342	69	119	22.5	68	303	2.8	131	43	129	42.6	83
Feb-Apr 2023	553	2.9	360	63	130	23.5	72	307	2.8	154	38	115	37.5	84
May-Jul 2023	630	3.3	419	90	120	19.1	63	321	2.9	156	43	122	38.0	93
Aug-Oct 2023	606	3.1	441	62	102	16.9	55	253	2.3	137	39	78	30.8	46
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	603	3.1	417	61	126	20.8	66	254	2.3	131	41	81	32.0	54
Change on quarter	-3	0.0	-24	-2	23	3.9	11	0	0.0	-5	2	3	1.2	8
Change %	-0.4		-5.4	-2.7	22.6			0.2		-3.7	5.8	4.1		18.3
Change on year	73	0.4	74	-8	6	-1.6	-1	-49	-0.5	1	-2	-48	-10.6	-29
Change %	13.7		21.7	-12.2	5.4		-1.6	-16.2		0.5	-4.0	-37.1		-34.8
<b>Men</b>	YBYF	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBYU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	290	2.9	137	34	120	41.3	70	182	3.2	74	17	91	49.9	47
Nov-Jan 2023	217	2.2	134	26	57	26.5	45	190	3.3	77	27	86	45.4	61
Feb-Apr 2023	252	2.6	141	36	75	29.9	50	192	3.2	89	22	81	42.3	57
May-Jul 2023	294	3.0	189	35	70	23.7	39	206	3.5	87	30	88	42.7	66
Aug-Oct 2023	298	3.0	220	19	59	19.8	43	155	2.6	74	33	49	31.5	27
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	281	2.9	175	23	82	29.3	52	143	2.4	66	25	52	36.3	35
Change on quarter	-18	-0.2	-45	4	23	9.5	9	-12	-0.2	-8	-8	3	4.9	8
Change %	-6.0		-20.5	21.7	39.3		22.1	-7.9		-10.3	-23.6	6.3		28.9
Change on year	64	0.7	41	-2	25	2.8	7	-47	-0.9	-11	-2	-34	-9.1	-27
Change %	29.4		30.9	-8.9	43.4		15.8	-24.8		-13.8	-7.9	-39.8		-43.2
<b>Women</b>	YBYG	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBYV	YBYV	YBYV	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>2</sup>	289	3.2	164	51	74	25.5	40	124	2.4	59	28	37	29.9	21
Nov-Jan 2023	314	3.4	209	43	62	19.7	23	113	2.2	54	16	43	38.0	22
Feb-Apr 2023	302	3.2	219	27	55	18.3	21	115	2.2	65	16	34	29.6	27
May-Jul 2023	336	3.6	230	55	51	15.1	24	115	2.2	69	13	34	29.5	27
Aug-Oct 2023	307	3.3	221	43	43	14.1	13	98	1.9	63	6	29	29.7	19
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	323	3.4	242	37	43	13.5	14	111	2.1	65	16	29	26.4	19
Change on quarter	15	0.2	21	-6	0	-0.7	2	13	0.2	3	10	0	-3.3	1
Change %	5.0		9.6	-13.6	-0.1		12.5	12.9		4.1	161.8	0.5		3.0
Change on year	9	0.1	33	-6	-18	-6.2	-8	-2	-0.1	11	0	-13	-11.5	-2
Change %	2.8		15.9	-14.1	-29.7		-36.1	-1.7		20.6	2.5	-31.5		-10.9

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

**Note:** When comparing quarterly changes ONS recommends comparing with the previous non-overlapping 3-month average time period (eg, compare Apr-Jun with Jan-Mar, not with Mar-May).

<sup>1</sup> Denominator = economically active for that age group.

<sup>2</sup> Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## 10 Economic activity by age

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	All aged & over	16 16 - 64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64	65+
<b>Economically active</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>People</b>								
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	34,056	32,759	477	3,762	7,801	11,200	9,519	1,297
Nov-Jan 2023	34,414	33,027	515	3,814	7,869	11,258	9,570	1,387
Feb-Apr 2023	34,679	33,171	544	3,790	7,902	11,318	9,617	1,508
May-Jul 2023	34,578	33,125	513	3,682	7,952	11,351	9,628	1,454
Aug-Oct 2023	34,562	33,100	491	3,707	7,913	11,337	9,651	1,462
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>34,534</b>	<b>33,100</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>3,659</b>	<b>7,799</b>	<b>11,422</b>	<b>9,719</b>	<b>1,434</b>
Change on quarter	-29	0	10	-49	-115	86	67	-28
Change %	-0.1	0.0	2.1	-1.3	-1.5	0.8	0.7	-1.9
Change on year	120	73	-13	-156	-70	164	148	47
Change %	0.3	0.2	-2.6	-4.1	-0.9	1.5	1.6	3.4
<b>Men</b>								
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	17,580	16,810	224	1,910	3,989	5,754	4,934	770
Nov-Jan 2023	17,813	17,004	259	1,945	4,011	5,805	4,984	810
Feb-Apr 2023	18,018	17,110	265	1,980	4,043	5,808	5,014	908
May-Jul 2023	17,902	17,033	247	1,949	4,045	5,800	4,992	870
Aug-Oct 2023	17,878	16,974	228	1,914	4,063	5,787	4,982	903
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>17,886</b>	<b>17,011</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>1,899</b>	<b>3,983</b>	<b>5,826</b>	<b>5,065</b>	<b>875</b>
Change on quarter	8	36	10	-16	-80	39	83	-28
Change %	0.0	0.2	4.5	-0.8	-2.0	0.7	1.7	-3.1
Change on year	72	7	-20	-47	-28	20	81	65
Change %	0.4	0.0	-7.7	-2.4	-0.7	0.4	1.6	8.0
<b>Women</b>								
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	16,476	15,949	254	1,852	3,811	5,446	4,586	527
Nov-Jan 2023	16,600	16,023	256	1,869	3,858	5,453	4,586	577
Feb-Apr 2023	16,661	16,061	278	1,809	3,860	5,511	4,603	600
May-Jul 2023	16,676	16,092	266	1,734	3,907	5,550	4,635	584
Aug-Oct 2023	16,685	16,126	263	1,793	3,851	5,550	4,670	559
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>16,648</b>	<b>16,089</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>1,760</b>	<b>3,816</b>	<b>5,597</b>	<b>4,654</b>	<b>559</b>
Change on quarter	-37	-37	0	-33	-35	47	-16	0
Change %	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-1.8	-0.9	0.9	-0.3	0.0
Change on year	48	66	7	-109	-42	144	67	-19
Change %	0.3	0.4	2.5	-5.8	-1.1	2.6	1.5	-3.2
<b>Economic activity rates (%)</b>								
<b>People</b>								
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	63.0	78.2	31.7	68.9	87.2	87.2	72.6	10.6
Nov-Jan 2023	63.0	78.3	33.5	69.3	87.5	87.1	72.4	11.2
Feb-Apr 2023	63.4	78.6	35.0	68.8	87.9	87.5	72.7	12.1
May-Jul 2023	63.1	78.4	32.8	66.8	88.5	87.6	72.7	11.6
Aug-Oct 2023	63.0	78.2	31.2	67.1	88.1	87.3	72.9	11.6
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>62.8</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>66.1</b>	<b>86.8</b>	<b>87.8</b>	<b>73.4</b>	<b>11.4</b>
Change on quarter	-0.2	-0.1	0.4	-1.0	-1.3	0.5	0.5	-0.3
Change on year	-0.2	-0.1	-1.9	-3.2	-0.7	0.7	1.0	0.2
<b>Men</b>								
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	67.1	81.8	28.9	69.3	91.6	92.0	76.9	13.6
Nov-Jan 2023	67.3	82.1	32.7	69.7	91.3	92.4	77.1	14.1
Feb-Apr 2023	67.9	82.5	33.3	71.0	92.0	92.3	77.5	15.7
May-Jul 2023	67.4	82.0	30.7	69.8	92.0	92.1	77.1	15.0
Aug-Oct 2023	67.1	81.6	28.2	68.4	92.4	91.7	76.9	15.5
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>81.7</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>67.7</b>	<b>90.5</b>	<b>92.1</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>14.9</b>
Change on quarter	-0.1	0.1	1.0	-0.7	-1.9	0.4	1.3	-0.6
Change on year	-0.3	-0.4	-3.5	-2.0	-0.8	-0.3	1.1	0.8
<b>Women</b>								
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>1</sup>	59.1	74.8	34.6	68.4	83.0	82.7	68.5	8.0
Nov-Jan 2023	59.0	74.7	34.2	68.8	83.8	82.1	68.0	8.7
Feb-Apr 2023	59.2	74.8	36.9	66.6	83.9	82.9	68.1	9.0
May-Jul 2023	59.1	74.9	35.0	63.8	85.0	83.4	68.6	8.7
Aug-Oct 2023	59.1	75.0	34.3	65.8	83.9	83.2	69.1	8.3
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>58.8</b>	<b>74.7</b>	<b>34.0</b>	<b>64.5</b>	<b>83.2</b>	<b>83.8</b>	<b>68.8</b>	<b>8.3</b>
Change on quarter	-0.2	-0.2	-0.3	-1.3	-0.7	0.6	-0.2	0.0
Change on year	-0.2	0.1	-0.2	-4.3	-0.6	1.6	0.9	-0.4

<sup>1</sup> Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

Data source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	Total aged 16-64									
	Economic inactivity by reason (aged 16 to 64)						Wanting/not wanting a job (aged 16 to 64)			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers <sup>1</sup>	Retired	Other <sup>2</sup>	Does not want job	Wants a job	
	LF63	LF65	LF67	LF69	LFL8	LF6B	LF6D	LFL9	LFM2	
<b>People</b>										
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>3</sup>	8,856	2,325	1,688	200	2,336	21	1,181	1,106	7,128	1,728
Nov-Jan 2023	9,151	2,280	1,778	200	2,656	27	1,091	1,119	7,318	1,833
Feb-Apr 2023	9,049	2,312	1,697	205	2,703	32	1,063	1,036	7,219	1,830
May-Jul 2023	9,138	2,401	1,644	187	2,712	21	1,083	1,090	7,397	1,740
Aug-Oct 2023	9,206	2,399	1,690	172	2,768	28	1,084	1,066	7,377	1,829
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>9,250</b>	<b>2,564</b>	<b>1,589</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>2,741</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>1,122</b>	<b>1,028</b>	<b>7,471</b>	<b>1,779</b>
Change on quarter	44	165	-101	3	-26	4	37	-38	94	-50
Change %	0.5	6.9	-6.0	1.9	-1.0	15.9	3.4	-3.6	1.3	-2.7
Change on year	100	284	-190	-25	85	5	30	-91	153	-54
Change %	1.1	12.5	-10.7	-12.3	3.2	18.4	2.8	-8.1	2.1	-2.9
<b>Men</b>		BEEEX	BEAQ	BEDI	BEDL	YCFP	BEDR	BEDU	YBWA	YBWD
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>3</sup>	3,661	1,173	260	102	1,083	10	544	490	2,875	786
Nov-Jan 2023	3,716	1,142	240	106	1,213	18	482	515	2,914	802
Feb-Apr 2023	3,634	1,128	240	111	1,211	18	467	459	2,846	788
May-Jul 2023	3,737	1,171	243	101	1,206	15	503	498	2,983	754
Aug-Oct 2023	3,820	1,204	252	77	1,262	18	499	508	2,993	827
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>3,810</b>	<b>1,235</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>1,218</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>3,019</b>	<b>791</b>
Change on quarter	-11	31	-5	24	-44	-1	12	-27	26	-37
Change %	-0.3	2.6	-2.2	31.0	-3.5	-7.0	2.5	-5.3	0.9	-4.4
Change on year	94	93	7	-5	5	-1	29	-34	105	-11
Change %	2.5	8.1	2.9	-4.9	0.4	-7.5	6.0	-6.6	3.6	-1.4
<b>Women</b>		LF64	LF66	LF68	LF6A	LFM3	LF6C	LF6E	LFM4	LFM5
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>3</sup>	5,195	1,152	1,428	98	1,253	11	637	616	4,253	942
Nov-Jan 2023	5,435	1,138	1,539	94	1,443	9	609	604	4,404	1,031
Feb-Apr 2023	5,414	1,185	1,457	94	1,492	14	596	577	4,372	1,042
May-Jul 2023	5,401	1,230	1,401	86	1,506	6	580	592	4,415	986
Aug-Oct 2023	5,386	1,195	1,438	96	1,505	9	585	557	4,384	1,002
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>5,441</b>	<b>1,329</b>	<b>1,342</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>1,523</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>988</b>
Change on quarter	55	134	-96	-21	18	6	25	-11	68	-13
Change %	1.0	11.2	-6.7	-21.5	1.2	59.8	4.3	-1.9	1.6	-1.3
Change on year	6	191	-197	-19	80	6	2	-57	48	-42
Change %	0.1	16.8	-12.8	-20.6	5.5	72.2	0.3	-9.5	1.1	-4.1

Percentage of economically inactive aged from 16 to 64 (%)

	LF6V	LF6X	LF6Z	LF73	LF75	LF77	LF79	LF7B	LF7D	LF7F
<b>People</b>										
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>3</sup>	100.0	26.2	19.1	2.3	26.4	0.2	13.3	12.5	80.5	19.5
Nov-Jan 2023	100.0	24.9	19.4	2.2	29.0	0.3	11.9	12.2	80.0	20.0
Feb-Apr 2023	100.0	25.6	18.8	2.3	29.9	0.4	11.7	11.5	79.8	20.2
May-Jul 2023	100.0	26.3	18.0	2.0	29.7	0.2	11.9	11.9	81.0	19.0
Aug-Oct 2023	100.0	26.1	18.4	1.9	30.1	0.3	11.8	11.6	80.1	19.9
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>29.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>80.8</b>	<b>19.2</b>
<b>Men</b>	BEBP	BEEH	BEEK	BEEN	BEEQ	BEET	BEEW	BEEZ	BEAS	BEGT
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>3</sup>	100.0	32.0	7.1	2.8	29.6	0.3	14.9	13.4	78.5	21.5
Nov-Jan 2023	100.0	30.7	6.5	2.8	32.6	0.5	13.0	13.9	78.4	21.6
Feb-Apr 2023	100.0	31.0	6.6	3.1	33.3	0.5	12.9	12.6	78.3	21.7
May-Jul 2023	100.0	31.3	6.5	2.7	32.3	0.4	13.5	13.3	79.8	20.2
Aug-Oct 2023	100.0	31.5	6.6	2.0	33.0	0.5	13.1	13.3	78.3	21.7
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>20.8</b>
<b>Women</b>	LF6W	LF6Y	LF72	LF74	LF76	LF78	LF7A	LF7C	LF7E	LF7G
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>3</sup>	100.0	22.2	27.5	1.9	24.1	0.2	12.3	11.9	81.9	18.1
Nov-Jan 2023	100.0	20.9	28.3	1.7	26.6	0.2	11.2	11.1	81.0	19.0
Feb-Apr 2023	100.0	21.9	26.9	1.7	27.6	0.3	11.0	10.6	80.8	19.2
May-Jul 2023	100.0	22.8	25.9	1.6	27.9	0.1	10.7	11.0	81.7	18.3
Aug-Oct 2023	100.0	22.2	26.7	1.8	28.0	0.2	10.9	10.3	81.4	18.6
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>24.4</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>81.8</b>	<b>18.2</b>

Data Source: Labour Force Survey.

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

- Discouraged workers are those who are not looking for work because they believe no jobs are available.
- Other reasons include people who (i) are waiting the results of a job application, (ii) have not yet started looking for work, (iii) do not need or want employment, (iv) have given an unclassified reason for being economically inactive, or (v) have not given a reason for being economically inactive.
- Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## 12 Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of people aged from 16 to 24

Nov-Jan 2024

United Kingdom (thousands) seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16 to 24				In full-time education (FTE)				Not in full-time education (FTE) <sup>1</sup>			
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economicall	Total	Employed <sup>2</sup>	Unemployed <sup>2</sup>	Economicall	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Economicall
				y inactive				y inactive				y inactive
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	

### Levels

#### People

16-17	1,589	375	126	1,088	1,377	294	96	986	213	81	30	102
18-24	5,533	3,283	376	1,875	1,956	636	75	1,245	3,577	2,647	300	630
16-24	7,123	3,658	502	2,963	3,333	930	171	2,231	3,790	2,728	331	732

#### Men

16-17	817	171	67	578	696	122	51	522	121	49	16	56
18-24	2,804	1,647	251	906	919	277	51	591	1,885	1,370	201	315
16-24	3,621	1,819	319	1,484	1,615	400	102	1,113	2,007	1,419	217	371

#### Women

16-17	773	204	59	510	681	172	45	464	91	32	14	45
18-24	2,729	1,636	124	969	1,037	359	25	654	1,692	1,277	100	315
16-24	3,502	1,840	183	1,479	1,718	531	69	1,118	1,783	1,309	114	361

### Changes on quarter

#### People

16-17	12	-22	32	2	13	-15	20	8	0	-7	12	-6
18-24	10	-11	-38	59	-13	-38	-41	67	23	28	3	-7
16-24	23	-33	-6	61	0	-53	-21	74	23	21	15	-13

#### Men

16-17	6	-14	24	-4	5	-12	21	-4	1	-2	3	0
18-24	5	-3	-13	21	-12	-3	-15	6	17	0	2	15
16-24	12	-17	11	17	-6	-15	6	3	18	-2	5	15

#### Women

16-17	6	-8	8	6	7	-3	-1	11	-1	-5	9	-5
18-24	5	-7	-25	38	-1	-35	-26	60	6	28	1	-22
16-24	11	-16	-17	44	6	-38	-27	72	5	23	10	-28

### Rates(%)<sup>3</sup>

#### People

16-17	23.6	25.2	68.4		21.4	24.6	71.6		38.1	27.1	47.8
18-24	59.3	10.3	33.9		32.5	10.6	63.6		74.0	10.2	17.6
16-24	51.4	12.1	41.6		27.9	15.5	66.9		72.0	10.8	19.3

#### Men

16-17	21.0	28.2	70.8		17.6	29.6	75.0		40.4	24.6	46.4
18-24	58.7	13.2	32.3		30.2	15.4	64.3		72.7	12.8	16.7
16-24	50.2	14.9	41.0		24.8	20.3	68.9		70.7	13.2	18.5

#### Women

16-17	26.4	22.4	66.0		25.3	20.6	68.2		35.0	30.6	49.5
18-24	59.9	7.1	35.5		34.6	6.4	63.0		75.5	7.2	18.6
16-24	52.5	9.1	42.2		30.9	11.5	65.1		73.4	8.0	20.2

### Changes on quarter

#### People

16-17	-1.6	6.0	-0.4		-1.3	4.8	-0.1		-3.1	10.1	-2.5
18-24	-0.3	-0.9	1.0		-1.7	-4.1	3.8		0.3	0.0	-0.3
16-24	-0.6	0.0	0.7		-1.6	-0.8	2.2		0.1	0.4	-0.5

#### Men

16-17	-1.8	9.2	-1.0		-1.8	10.9	-1.1		-1.9	4.5	-0.6
18-24	-0.2	-0.5	0.7		0.0	-3.5	1.5		-0.7	0.1	0.7
16-24	-0.6	0.6	0.3		-0.8	1.5	0.4		-0.8	0.3	0.6

#### Women

16-17	-1.3	3.1	0.3		-0.8	0.0	1.0		-4.8	18.2	-5.0
18-24	-0.4	-1.3	1.3		-3.4	-5.0	5.9		1.4	-0.1	-1.4
16-24	-0.6	-0.7	1.1		-2.4	-2.9	3.9		1.1	0.5	-1.6

Relationship between columns: 1=5+9; 2=6+10; 3=7+11.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

1. Not in full-time education includes people in part-time education and/or some form of training.

Estimates of the number of young people who were not in employment, education or training ("NEET") cannot therefore be derived from this table. Estimates of young people who were NEET are published separately at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/unemployment/bulletins/youngpeoplenotineducationemploymentortraining>

2. People in full-time education are employed if they have a part-time job or unemployed if they are looking for part-time employment.

3. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

# REDUNDANCIES

## 22 Redundancies: level<sup>1</sup> and rates<sup>2</sup>

United Kingdom

	People (aged 16 and over)		Men (aged 16 and over)		Women (aged 16 and over)	
	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>	Level (000s) <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>2</sup>
	BEAO	BEIR	BEIU	BEIX	BEJA	BEJD
Nov-Jan 2022 <sup>3</sup>	69	2.4	39	2.7	30	2.1
Nov-Jan 2023	92	3.2	60	4.2	33	2.3
Feb-Apr 2023	93	3.3	61	4.3	32	2.2
May-Jul 2023	105	3.7	55	3.8	50	3.5
Aug-Oct 2023	62	2.2	44	3.1	18	1.3
<b>Nov-Jan 2024</b>	133	4.6	79	5.6	53	3.7
Change on quarter	71	2.5	35	2.5	35	2.4
Change %	113.4		79.8		195.7	
Change on year	40	1.4	20	1.4	21	1.4
Change %	43.7		32.8		63.8	

Data source: Labour Force Survey

Labour market statistics enquiries: [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)

1. The redundancy level is the number of people who were made redundant in the three months prior to interview. The figure is not seasonally adjusted.
2. The redundancy rate is the ratio of the redundancy level for the given quarter to the seasonally adjusted number of employees in the previous quarter, multiplied by 1,000.
- 3 Data for this period has not been reweighted and so is inconsistent with data from Jul-Sep 2022 onwards.